

Unique Monge type solutions in the multi-marginal optimal transport via graph theory

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Abstract: This talk is centered around a multi-marginal optimal transport with surplus function

$$b(x_1, \dots, x_m) = \sum_{\{i,j\} \in P} x_i \cdot x_j,$$

where $P \subseteq Q := \{\{i, j\} : i, j \in \{1, 2, \dots, m\}, i \neq j\}$. We reformulate this problem using graph theory; in particular, each surplus is associated to a graph with m vertices whose set of edges is indexed by P . We then establish uniqueness and Monge solution results for two fairly general classes of surplus functions. These classes capture the Gangbo and Święch surplus $\sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq m} x_i \cdot x_j$, and the surplus $\sum_{i=1}^{m-1} x_i \cdot x_{i+1} + x_m \cdot x_1$ studied in an earlier work by the present authors, whose origin lies in the time discretization of Arnold's variational interpretation of the incompressible Euler equation.