

Resolución de singularidades toricas

①
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Recall: a fan Δ' is called refinement of a fan Δ if every $\sigma \in \Delta$ is a union of cones in Δ'

Given $X = \text{variety}$, a resolution of sing. is a proper birat. morphism

$Y \rightarrow X$
smooth \cup
Excep. fiber \rightarrow ~~Excep. fiber~~ $\text{Sing}(X)$ The existence in $\text{char}(k) = 0$ (Hironaka)

Thm: $k = \bar{k}$ any field (of any char) X , there exists a smooth toric variety Y together with a proper birational toric morphism $f: Y \rightarrow X$.
end $X = \text{toric variety}$

IDEA: Given $X(\Delta)$ find singular refinement Δ' of Δ such that $Y = X(\Delta') \rightarrow X(\Delta)$ will be the resolution.

(birational is clear since some torus)

\rightarrow Study "resolution / good refinements" of fans.

Def 1: For $\sigma \in \mathbb{R}^n$ rational polyhedral simplicial cone. Let $v_1, \dots, v_r \in \mathbb{Z}$ be the primitive elements of its rays. We define

$$\text{mult}(\sigma) := \# \left(\langle \sigma \cap \mathbb{Z}^n \rangle_{\mathbb{Z}} / \langle v_1, \dots, v_r \rangle_{\mathbb{Z}} \right) \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{pts inside} \\ \text{convex sum} \end{array}$$

Note σ is nonsingular $\Leftrightarrow \text{mult}(\sigma) = 1$.

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{def 1} \\ \text{diversity} \\ \text{correctly} \end{array} \right) \text{mult}(\sigma) := \frac{\text{Vol}(v_1, \dots, v_r)}{\text{Vol}(e_1, \dots, e_n)}$$

Def 2: Let $\Delta \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ rat. polyh. fan and $v \in |\Delta| \cap \mathbb{Z}^n \setminus \{0\}$

\Rightarrow Define star-subdivision $\Delta(v)$ is the fan consisting of the following fan every $\sigma \in \Delta$ with $v \notin \sigma$ the cones σ (we keep them) and, if σ is a face of some τ with $v \in \tau$, we also take $\sigma(v) := \text{pos}(\sigma, v)$.

$$\langle \sigma, v \rangle_{\mathbb{R}_+}$$

Prop: $\Delta(v)$ is a refinement of Δ .



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Remark: Using iterated star-subdivisions we obtain a simplicial fan.

Lemma*: Let Δ be a simplicial ~~fan~~ fan, $\sigma \in \Delta$ ~~cone~~ cone.
Let $v \in \mathbb{Z}^n \cap \sigma^\circ$. Denote $m := \max \{ \text{mult}(\sigma') / \sigma \in \sigma' \}$
 $v = \sum t_i v_i$, with $0 \leq t_i < 1$
 \Rightarrow for every $\tau(v) \in \Delta(v) \setminus \Delta$, we have $\text{mult}(\tau(v)) < m$.

Cor: toric resolution of singularities of $X = X(\Delta)$, $\Delta \in \mathbb{R}^n$.
 $m := \max \{ \text{mult}(\sigma) / \sigma \in \Delta \}$ $k := \# \{ \sigma \in \Delta / \text{mult}(\sigma) = m \}$

with the lemma: can repeat ~~iter~~ to make mult smaller ...

Lemma†: Let σ be a simplicial cone, τ a face of σ
 $\Rightarrow \text{mult}(\tau) \leq \text{mult}(\sigma)$.

Proof of Lemma*: $\tau(v) = \langle \tau, v \rangle_{\mathbb{R}_+}$, τ was a face of $\tilde{\sigma} \in \Delta$ containing v

The prim. ray generators v_1, \dots, v_r of σ extend to generators of

$\tilde{\sigma}$ because of determinant properties (see Mined's notes)

$$\tau \subset \tilde{\sigma} \subset \sigma$$

See toric surfaces.